

DODGE CITY TIMES.

SIXTH YEAR.

DODGE CITY, KAS., DEC. 15, 1881.

NO. 291

H. M. CLARK,
Notary Public and Justice of
the Peace,

SPEARVILLE, KANSAS.
Particular attention given to business in the
U. S. Land Office. Collections promptly attend-
ed to.

ROBINSON & ROY,
CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.
AND CABINET MAKERS.

Contracts and estimates made for all kinds of
building.

Painting, Plastering and Paper Hanging
Neatly done.

Shop in old dance hall, south side, Dodge City

"OLD HOUSE"
SAMPLE ROOM,
DODGE CITY, KANSAS.

FRED. SINGER, Proprietor.

THE CHOICEST LIQUORS, WINES
AND CIGARS.

MEAT MARKET.

FRED. MARTIN

Has recently refitted his shop, near the depot,
enabling him to handle larger quantities of meat
in his enlarged stand.

THE CHOICEST CORNED BEEF
always on hand.

FRESH SAUSAGE AND CORN BEEF
the best in the market. Give me a call.
Dodge City, Kas. NOV 17

OSCAR TREVALLEE,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

(John Mueller's old stand.)

DODGE CITY KANSAS

**STOCK RANGE and CAT-
TLE FOR SALE.**

A owner of fine STOCK RANCH desires to
make a change of location, and offers his
RANCH and CATTLE for sale. Good winter
and summer range. Water privileges deeded.
The purchase will require an investment of from
\$15,000 to \$25,000. For particulars inquire at
the DODGE CITY TIMES Office. sel

**RICE'S NEW
Triumph Steamer.**



This Steamer is the safest
and most economical article
of its kind in use for

STEAMING SHEEP DIP.

Cooking Feed or Heating
Water for any purpose.

It is almost indispensable in
Slaughter Houses, Dairies or
Laundries.

W. J. COLVIN, Agent
LARNED, KANSAS.

DODGE CITY TOWN CO.

Town Lots for Sale.

Prices to Suit all Parties.

Apply to **FRED. T. H. WENIE,**
Agent

CENTENNIAL BARBER SHOP.
HENRY KOCH, Proprietor,
Shaving, Shampooing and Hair Cutting done in
the latest fashion.

DODGE HOUSE

Price \$2 Per Day.

FIRST CLASS, IN EVERY RESPECT

AND FOR TRANSIENT, CUSTOM

EXCLUSIVELY.

First Class Livery, Feed and

SALE STABLE IN CONNECTION

with this house.

Cox & Boyd, Proprietors.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

S. GALLAND, Proprietor.

South side of the Railroad.

DODGE CITY, KANSAS

GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMER-
CIAL TRAVELERS.

No Liquor Sold on the Premises.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

LIVERY STABLE ATTACHED.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

LARNED, KAN. Nov. 15, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named
settlers have filed notice of their intention to
make final proof in support of their claims,
and that said proof will be made before the
Register or Receiver at Larned, Kansas, on

Wednesday, December 21st, 1881.
The testimony of the witnesses to be taken be-
fore H. M. Clark, a Notary Public, at his office in
Spearville, Ford county, Kansas, on Tues-
day, December 20th, 1881, viz:

JOHN H. DOLAN, Declaratory Statement No.
218 for the Lots 1, 2 and 3 half NE qr sec.
25 to 28 s, range 23 w. He names the following
witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon
and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph D.
Vandermark, William Britt, Patrick Slattery,
Robert B. Minor, all of Spearville P. O. Ford
county, Kansas.

JOHN SKINNER, Declaratory Statement No.
263 for Lots 1, 2 and E half NW qr sec 31 Tp 28
S, R 22 W.

And he names the following witnesses to prove
his continuous residence upon and cultivation of
said land, viz: Joseph D. Vandermark, Wm.
Britt, W. S. Kline, and Patrick Slattery, all of
Spearville P. O. Ford county, Kansas.
nov 17-5W C. A. MORRIS, Register.

HORSE STRAYED.

STRAYED from the undersigned, a DARK
SHAY PONY, with notch ear, branded L on
left shoulder and 71 on left hip. The animal
was last seen about four miles west of Spear-
ville. A liberal reward will be given for the re-
turn of the pony to **WRIGHT, BEVERLEY &
CO., Dodge City, Kas.** P. CARNegie,
dec 5 Pond Creek Ranch, via Caldwell, Kas.

L. M. Ferrier, Plaintiff,
vs.
H. B. Johnson, Defendant.

Before H. M. Clark, a Justice of the Peace, of
Spearville Township, Ford county, Kansas.
Said defendant is hereby notified that on the
29th day of November, 1881, an order of attach-
ment for the sum of Eight and 25-100 dollars
was issued by the above named Justice of the
Peace against his goods in the above entitled ac-
tion, and that said cause will be heard on the
2d day of January, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m.

L. M. FERRIER, Plaintiff.
Attest: **H. M. CLARK, Justice of the Peace.**
dec 1-21

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats,
Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States,
Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We
have had thirty-five years' experience.
Patents obtained through us are noticed in the Sci-
entific American. This large and popular paper is
issued weekly, and is a valuable medium for the
dissemination of scientific information, and has an enormous
circulation. Address **MUNN & CO., Patent Solici-
tors, Pub's of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row,
New York.** Have book about Patents free.

**ST. JOHN'S EPISTLE TO THE
BOURBONS.**

The citizens of Kansas are law-abiding,
and have as much respect for law as the peo-
ple of any State in the Union; but there is
one law that they do not respect or observe,
and that is the prohibitory liquor law. The
Governor has issued a proclamation offering
rewards for the arrest, conviction or removal
of violators of this law, in the same
manner that he would offer a reward for a
fugitive from justice, or a sheriff for the ap-
prehension of a horse thief. The Governor
has declared war, and how well he will suc-
ceed in removing the dead bodies from the
field of carnage, an indefinite future only
can tell. We supposed our citizens would be
frightened into the support of the law, and
become crusaders, with destruction bent,
and on Monday morning we expected to
see the streets of Dodge City running with
flowing beer, wine and whisky, and bottles,
kegs and barrels swimming in this immense
sea foam; but we didn't see anything of the
kind; and we will not. We don't expect to
see any convictions under the law, in either
Topeka, Atchison, Leavenworth, or Dodge
City, notwithstanding the proclamation of
His Excellency. The Governor is a good
man and wants to see the laws respected,
why didn't he try his hand on that mob in
Caldwell last week! Why should not all
laws be enforced and respected by gubernatorial
edict! The proclamation is a confession
of weakness: it is a virtual admission
that the law is a failure. That convictions
under the law can only be obtained by means
of spies and bribes. Despicable wretches
may covet the Governor's prizes, but decent
and respectable and honest people prosecute
the laws without reward, and for the protec-
tion of communities and of property. The
prohibitory law is a sort of social science—
it ought to be proceeded with rather gingerly,
by educating the people to honor, obey
and respect it—or the other extreme ought
to be resorted to, a summary disposition by
armed force. We assure the Governor that
the law won't be enforced in Dodge City,
not by peaceable prosecutions, not in the or-
dinary manner, and not by spies, bribes or
rewards. An armed force of one or two bri-
gades of Kansas militia would be sufficient
to strike the Gibraltar of prohibitory dis-
obedience, and render hors du combat the
defiant law breakers. A well organized mil-
itia, provided they were not tempted from
duty, could inaugurate a crusade in Dodge
and make it lively for the boys. The Gov-
ernor should command the army in person;
an aide-de-camp will not do in this emer-
gency. And we wish to remark that these
suggestions are made in the kindest sincerity.
We are actuated by the best of motives and
feelings, and have great respect for laws—
wise ones—the law that protects. But the
whisky law—not so long as Congress recog-
nizes whisky as an article of commerce,
from which is derived the revenue to sup-
port the government and liquidate the na-
tional debt; never can we respect a law that
is contrary to the spirit of moral indepen-
dence, to liberal and enlightened govern-
ment, and this is a law fashioned after the
modes of dark and ignorant ages; a law in
name not in fact, that commands neither
honor nor admiration, and which is unwise
and impolitic.

The Governor offers rewards of from \$100
to \$500 for the conviction of brewers, distil-
lers and saloon keepers for the manufacture
and sale of liquors, and for the conviction
of county attorneys, sheriffs, marshals and
policemen for failure to discharge their du-
ties under the law, and for conviction of per-
jury in cases that may grow out of the en-
forcement of the prohibitory law.

The proclamation has been in response to
the appeals of prohibitionists throughout the
State. The effect, if it has any, will be to

wipe out party lines, and divide the State,
politically, with prohibitionists and anti-
prohibitionists.

Intended Solely for Buncombe.

The Governor's proclamation is severely
commented upon by the press, and we pre-
sume the cry of "whisky organs" will be
heard again. The Kansas City Journal has
the following:

The extraordinary proclamation of the
Governor of Kansas, offering rewards for the
arrest and conviction of county attorneys,
policemen and others who fail to see that the
prohibitory liquor law is enforced in certain
towns, is probably intended solely for bun-
combe. It is simply a part of the tactics
being played by his excellency to keep him-
self before the public as the representative of
a great reform.

We think it a most unfortunate thing that
liquor is sold anywhere. It causes a deal of
sorrow and misery, and much crime, but a
prohibitory law will never be enforced in
localities where public sentiment is against
it. This happens to be the case in the towns
which the Governor of Kansas has placed
under the ban, and the people of Leaven-
worth, Atchison, Topeka, Kansas City, Kas.
Wyandott and Dodge City will scold the
bill issued against them as they would so
much wind. Nobody will ever be convicted
in any of them, and so the question of the
Governor's power to offer such rewards will
never be tested. Notwithstanding the oft
repeated assertions of the Governor that the
law is rigidly enforced everywhere through-
out the State, except in the places he has
named, we know of at least a half dozen oth-
ers where the law is openly defied, and more
saloons are now open than before the pro-
hibition law took effect.

Kansas dealers are shipping butter from
Chicago by express to fill their orders from
the mountains. It would seem that Kansas
butter makers ought to prevent this. What
a fine field in Ford county for butter mak-
ing, and a profitable one, too.

The President in his message made no
reference to the South, the war, or the col-
ored people. It is probably the first Presi-
dent's message issued for forty years that
does not discuss the South as a geographical
or political division of the country, or the
colored people either as slaves or freedmen,
and it is certainly the first message, for 20
years, that does not mention or discuss the
civil war.

The President urges the retirement of the
silver certificates, and the repeal of the com-
pulsory silver-coinage law. The estimated
surplus of the revenue for the present year
being placed at \$130,000,000, the propriety
of lightening the burden of taxation is sug-
gested. He counsels the repeal of all the in-
ternal revenue taxes except those relating
to distilled spirits, fermented liquors and to-
bacco, and to manufacturers of and dealers
in them.

When cattle and sheep stretch themselves
on rising from the ground, you may know
that they are well and hearty. When they
chew the cud, too, they are well. When
their coats stare, however, and their eyes are
dull; if the nose be dry and scurfy, and es-
pecially if their hide stick close and hard to
the ribs, then pass your hand with something
of pressure along the back. If they shrink
down from your touch, you may rely upon
that they are ill, have either caught cold or
have internal disorder coming on, which if
taken in time may be checked by warm
muzzing and a dose of salts, well seasoned
with some cordial mixture, or with ginger,
an addition which animals, ovine and bo-
vine, but especially the latter, require in a
greater degree than their equine and porcine
compatriots.